

COURSE/PROGRAMME OUTCOME OF DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY

The field of Philosophy is an activity students undertake when they seek to understand fundamental truths about themselves, the world in which they live and their relationships to the world and to each other. Students learn how to write clearly and to read closely, with a critical eye, they are taught to spot bad reasoning, and how to avoid it in their writing and in their hearing.

The study of philosophy helps us to enhance our ability to solve problems, our communication skills, persuasive powers and students' writing skills.

CO-1- General Philosophy

The student is expected to learn, this is the broad horizon of philosophy inhabited by all those who seriously and genuinely try to come to terms with life and who struggle for understanding.

CO-2- Symbolic logic and logic of scientific enquiry.

The student is able to learn the scientific method involves making conjectures (hypothesis) deriving predictions from its logical consequences, and then carrying out experiment or empirical observations based on those predictions.

CO-3- Indian Philosophy:

It refers to philosophical tradition of Indian subcontinent Ancient and medieval era texts of Indian Philosophies include.

CO-4- Philosophy at language.

The student will be able to learn language is important because it is so useful in our relationships and in our development and education.

CO-5- Contemporary Indian Philosophy:

It has arisen in response to the need to reconcile the forces of tradition with those of modernity. There is in it a definite attempt to construct a system.

CO-6- Modern European Philosophy

It developed in the modern era and associated with modernity.

CO-7- Descartes' Meditation on 1st Philosophy

Descartes' overall intention is to present the idea that our perception and sensation are flawed and should not be trusted entirely.

CO-8- The study of Bhagavadgita

The student will be able to learn the truth of life the meaning of life the value of life, the purpose of life the way how to live life.

CO-9- Ethics and Appeal Ethics:

The student will be able to learn it is the moral philosophy study that what is right and wrong in human behavior.

CO-10- The Major religion of the world.

The student will be able to learn it is belief in and worship of superhuman controlling power, especially a personal God and gods.

CO-11- Social and political philosophy.

It is the area of philosophy concerned with how we should live together. As such it focuses on Principle for regulating the living together of members of society.

CO-12- Philosophy of Upanishad.

Upanishads are the expression of the Philosophical truths of the Vedas.

CO-13- Gandhian study:

The student will be able to learn Gandhian is a body of ideas that describes the inspiration, vision and the life work of Mohan Das Gandhi.

CO-14- Greek Philosophy

Student will be able to learn, ideas attributed in Greek tradition.

DSE-I- The Philosophy of Bhagavad Gita.

The student will be able to learn the truth of life, the meaning of life, the values of life, the purpose of life, the way how to live life.

DSE-II- Philosophy of Religion.

The philosophical examination of the central themes and concepts evolved in religious traditions. It is the rational thought about religious issues and concerns without a presumption of the existence of deity or reliance on acts of faith.

DSE-III- Indian Ethics

In the knowledge tradition of India ethics has its origin in religious and philosophical thinking in every religious tradition, good moral conduct is considered essential for a happy and contented life.